of age or younger living in a unit has an elevated blood level or EBL, HUD must test or cause to be tested the unit occupied by the child and if such test is positive for lead-based paint, abate the unit surfaces in accordance with the methods set out at 24 CFR 35.24(b)(2)(ii) or choose not to test and abate all the unit surfaces.

- (2) Abatement without testing. In lieu of the procedures set forth in paragraph (c) of this section, in the case of a residential structure constructed prior to 1978, HUD, at its option, may forego testing, and abate all applicable surfaces in accordance with the methods set out in 24 CFR 35.24(b)(2)(ii).
- (d) *Tenant protection*. HUD or the purchaser, as appropriate, shall take appropriate action as prescribed by the Commissioner to protect tenants from hazards associated with abatement procedures.

[52 FR 1891, Jan. 15, 1987; 52 FR 9828, Mar. 27, 1987, as amended at 53 FR 20800, June 6, 1988]

§200.830 Compliance with other Federal, State and local laws.

- (a) HUD responsibility. If HUD determines that a State or local law, ordinance, code or regulation provides for lead-based paint testing or hazard abatement in a manner that provides a comparable level of protection from the hazards of lead-based paint poisoning to that provided by the requirements of this subpart and that adherence to the requirements of this subpart would be duplicative or otherwise cause inefficiencies, HUD may modify or waive the requirements of this subpart in a manner that will promote efficiency while ensuring a comparable level of protection.
- (b) Participant responsibility. Nothing in this subpart is intended to relieve any participant in the programs covered by this subpart of any responsibility for compliance with State or local laws, ordinances, codes or regulations governing lead-based paint testing or hazard abatement.
- (c) Disposal of lead-based paint debris. Lead-based paint and defective paint debris shall be disposed of in accordance with applicable Federal, State or

local requirements. (See, e.g., 40 CFR parts 260–271.)

[52 FR 1891, Jan. 15, 1987]

Subparts P-R—[Reserved]

Subpart S—Minimum Property Standards

§ 200.925 Applicability of minimum property standards.

All housing constructed under HUD mortgage insurance and low-rent public housing programs shall meet or exceed HUD Minimum Property Standards, except that this requirement shall be applicable to manufactured homes eligible for insurance pursuant to §203.43f of this chapter only to the extent provided therein. The Minimum Property Standards may be waived to the same extent as the other regulatory requirements for eligibility for insurance under the specific mortgage insurance program involved.

[58 FR 60248, Nov. 15, 1993]

§ 200.925a Multifamily and care-type minimum property standards.

- (a) Construction standards. Multifamily or care-type properties shall comply with the minimum property standards contained in the handbook identified in §200.929(b)(2). In addition, each such property shall, for the Department's purposes, comply with:
- (1) The applicable State of local building code, if the property is located within a jurisdiction which has a building code accepted by the Secretary under §200.925a(d); or
- (2)(i) The applicable State or local building code, and
- (ii) Those portions of the codes identified in §200.295c which are designated by the HUD Field Office serving the jurisdiction in which the property is to be located, if the property is located in a jurisdiction which has a building code partially accepted by the Secretary; or
- (3) The appropriate codes, as identified in §200.925c(c), if the property is not located within a jurisdiction which has a building code accepted by the Secretary.
- (b) Conflicting standards. The minimum property standards contained in